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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. Particulate titanium oxide comprising a mixed crystal titanium oxide containing rutile crystal produced by a vapor phase process, wherein the titanium oxide has a property represented by the following general formula (1)

 $R \ge 1,300 \times B^{-0.95} \tag{1}$

wherein R represents a rutile content (%) measured by an X-ray diffraction method and B represents a BET specific surface area (m^2/g) , which ranges from about 15 to about $200 \ m^2/g$.

- 2. The particulate titanium oxide as claimed in claim 1, wherein the BET specific surface area represented by B is about 40 to about 200 $\rm m^2/\rm g$.
- 3. The particulate titanium oxide as claimed in claim 1, wherein the titanium oxide has a 90% cumulative weight particle size distribution diameter D90 measured by a laser diffraction-type particle size distribution measuring method of about 2.5 μ m or less.
- 4. The particulate titanium oxide as claimed in claim 1, wherein the titanium oxide has a distribution constant n according to Rosin-Rammler formula is about 1.5 or more.
 - 5. A production process for producing particulate titanium oxide, comprising subjecting a titanium tetrachloride diluted gas obtained by diluting titanium tetrachloride to from about 10 % by volume or more to about 90 % by volume or less with an inert gas to high temperature oxidation with an oxidizing gas containing

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oxygen or steam, or both, wherein the titanium tetrachloride diluted gas and the oxidizing gas, each preheated to about 900°C or more, are supplied into reaction tube at a flow rate of about 20 m/sec or more and allowed to react for a time of residence at high temperatures above about 700°C of about 3 seconds or less.

- 6. The production process as claimed in claim 5, wherein use is made of a titanium tetrachloride diluted gas obtained by diluting titanium tetrachloride to about 20% by volume or more and about 80% by volume or less with an inert gas.
- 7. The production process as claimed in claim 5, wherein the temperatures for preheating the titanium tetrachloride and the oxidizing gas are each about 1,000°C or more.
- 8. The production process as claimed in claim 5, wherein the titanium tetrachloride diluted gas and oxidizing gas are supplied to the reaction tube through a coaxial parallel flow nozzle having an inner tube, the inner tube having an inner diameter of about 50 mm or less.
- 9. Particulate titanium oxide produced by the production 25 method as claimed in claim 5.
 - 10. A titanium oxide composition comprising particulate titanium oxide as claimed in claim 1.
- 30 11. A titanium oxide composition comprising particulate titanium oxide as claimed in claim 9.